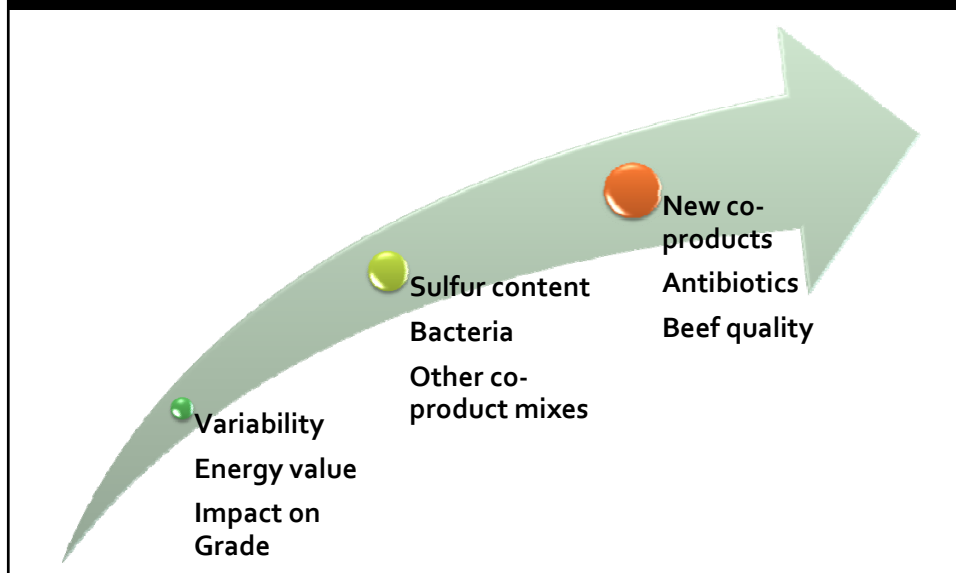


# Application of Renewable Energy Co-products in Feed: Beef Cattle

A. DiCostanzo  
University of Minnesota  
Minnesota Renewable Energy Roundtable, 2012

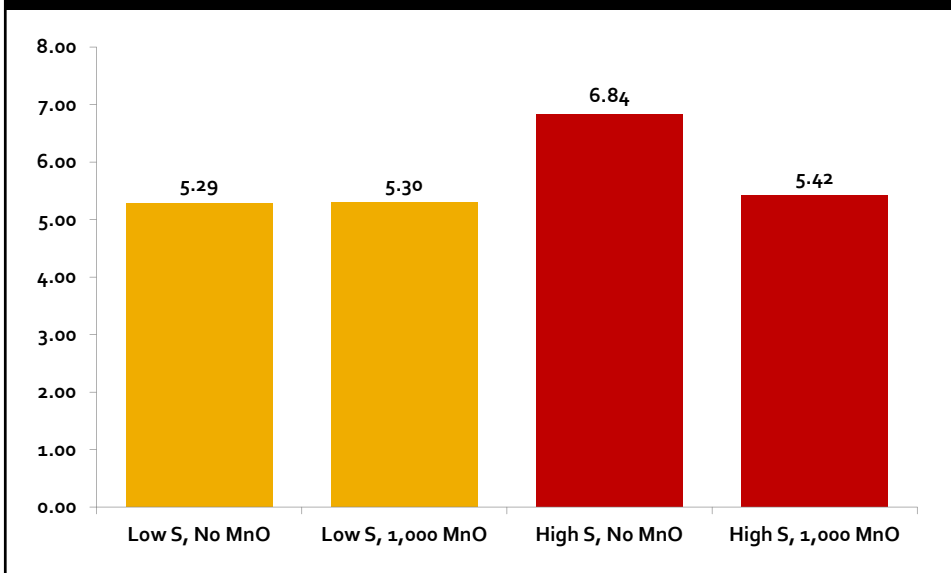
## Limitations or Concerns with Distillers Grains in Beef Cattle Applications



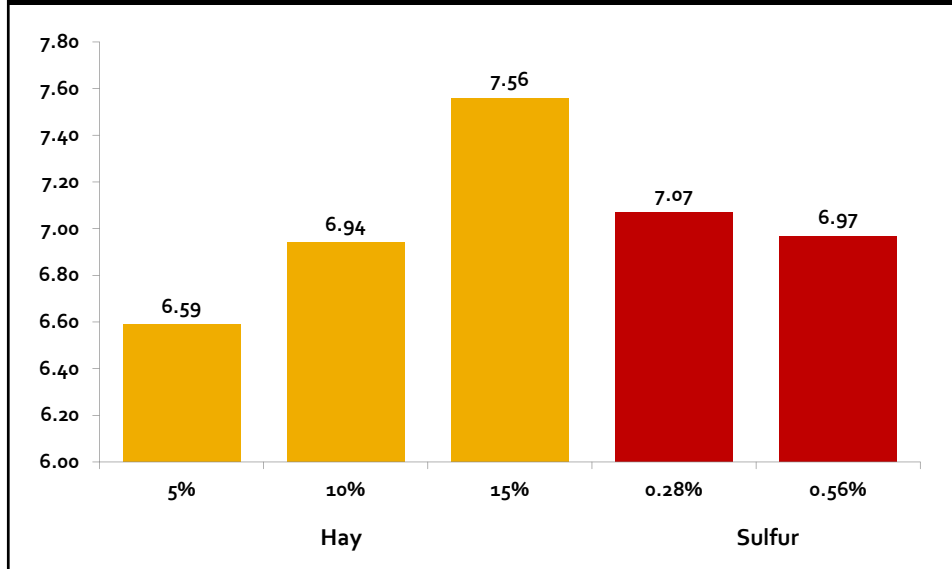
## Efforts to Ameliorate Effects of S



## Manganese Oxide in Receiving Period

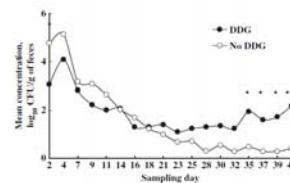


## Greater Roughage Diets



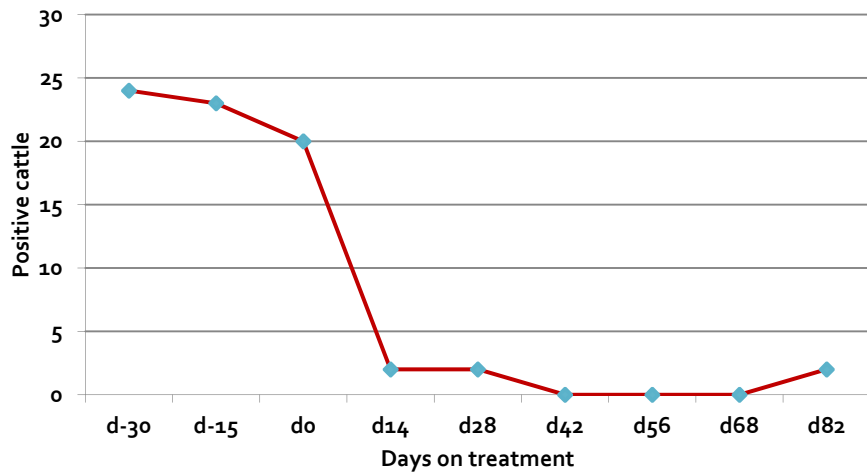
## Previous Data

- Jacob et al., 2009—numerically greater *E. coli* O157:H7 shedding (floor samples) for DDGS (5.7% and 5.0% vs 2.7% and 4.0%)
- Jacob et al., 2008a—statistically greater *E. coli* O157:H7 shedding (floor samples) for DDGS (9.0% and 7.3% vs 3.6%)
- Jacob et al., 2010—statistically greater *E. coli* O157:H7 shedding (floor samples) for 40% inclusion of DGS (15.5%, 19.2% and 18.6% vs 25.6% and 24.7%)



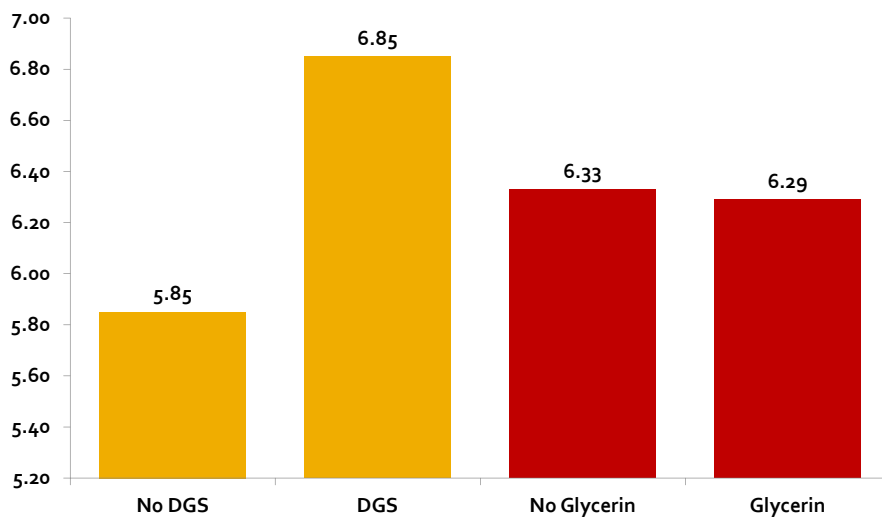
Jacob et al., 2008b

### ***E. coli* O157:H7 – Effect of DGS and Glycerin (naturally infected)**

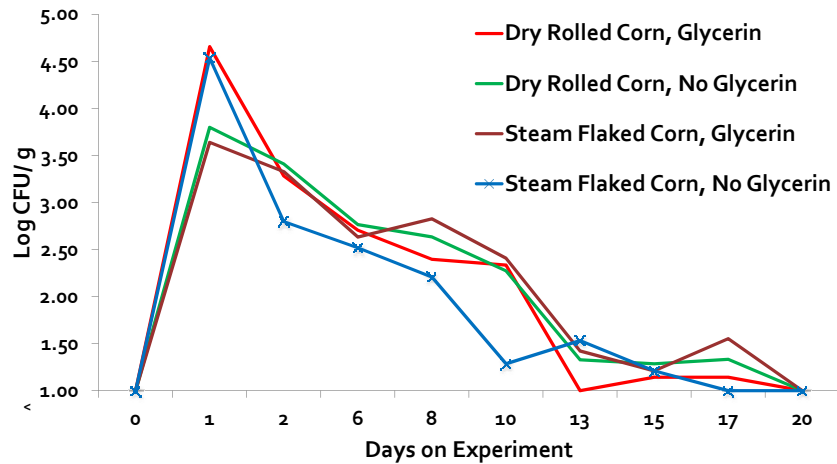


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### **Distillers and Glycerin in Steam-Flaked Corn Diets**



## ***E. coli* O157:H7 – Effect of Corn Processing and Glycerin (inoculated)**



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## **Applications Frontiers:**

- **New co-products**
  - High-protein DG
  - Low-fat DG
  - Corn bran
    - Energy value
    - Combinations with conventional grains and other co-products
- **Implications of antibiotic utilization in ethanol production**
  - Animal effects
  - Contribution to resistance
- **Beef quality**
  - Saturated/unsaturated fatty acids
    - Impact on ground beef products

|                                 | Treatment <sup>1</sup> |                    |                   | SEM   |
|---------------------------------|------------------------|--------------------|-------------------|-------|
|                                 | CON                    | DDGS               | HPDG              |       |
| <b>Feedlot Performance</b>      |                        |                    |                   |       |
| Initial BW, lb                  | 704                    | 700                | 692               | 18    |
| Final Live BW <sup>2</sup> , lb | 1219                   | 1217               | 1190              | 20    |
| DMI, lb/d                       | 22.7 <sup>x</sup>      | 22.4 <sup>xy</sup> | 21.5 <sup>y</sup> | 0.4   |
| ADG, lb                         | 4.37                   | 4.38               | 4.22              | 0.11  |
| Feed:Gain                       | 5.27                   | 5.13               | 5.11              | 0.119 |
| <b>Carcass Characteristics</b>  |                        |                    |                   |       |
| HCW, lb                         | 743                    | 741                | 725               | 12    |
| 12 <sup>th</sup> Rib Fat, in.   | 0.563                  | 0.619              | 0.650             | 0.033 |
| LM Area, in. sq.                | 12.2                   | 12.2               | 11.9              | 0.2   |
| KPH, %                          | 2.4                    | 2.7                | 2.6               | 0.2   |
| Yield Grade                     | 2.56                   | 2.75               | 2.69              | 0.12  |
| Marbling Score <sup>3</sup>     | 561                    | 594                | 609               | 22    |

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## Residues Found and Reference Values (progress report)

| Antibiotic    | Minimum, ppm | Maximum, ppm | Mean, ppm | Sp Approval* |
|---------------|--------------|--------------|-----------|--------------|
| Penicillin G  | 0.003        | 0.186        | 0.031     | 2.8          |
| Erythromycin  | 0.000        | 1.046        | 0.050     | 3.7          |
| Tylosin       | 0.000        | 0.020        | 0.002     | 4.4          |
| Tetracycline  | 0.000        | 0.007        | 0.001     | 7.5          |
| Virginiamycin | 0.000        | 0.338        | 0.021     | 5.5          |

\*Lowest concentration permitted

## Research-based Solutions

